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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/777,219	02/13/2004	Hakan Winbom	4010-37	2504	
23117 7550 05282999 NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC 901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			VIZVARY, GERALD C		
ARLINGTON.	, VA 22203		ART UNIT PAPER NUMB		
			3696		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/28/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)		
10/777,219	WINBOM, HAKAN			
Examiner	Art Unit			
GERALD C. VIZVARY	3696			

Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	GERALD C. VIZVARY	3696		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Estensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is generally decreased period for reply with the sale or skended period for reply with the sale or skended period for reply with the sale of skended period for reply with the sale of skended period for reply with the sale of the skended period for reply with the sale of the skended period for reply with the sale of the skended period for reply with the skended period for reply with the sale of the skended period for reply with the skended	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin viil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>20 Fe</u> 2a) This action is FINAL. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		e merits is	
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 1-29 are subject to restriction and/or expressions.	vn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the c Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example.	epted or b) objected to by the lidrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	a 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage	
Attachment(s)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE/C8)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5 Notice of Informal P	ate		

Attuennent(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE/08)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other: .	

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DETAILED ACTION

 The following is a non-final office action in response to the communications received on 2/20/2009.

Election/Restrictions

- 2. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - Claims 1, 2, 3 & 29, drawn to a securities trading method creating deals, classified in class 705, subclass 64
 - Claims 4-6, 16-19, 25 & 28, drawn to receiving market information and updating orders, classified in class 700, subclass 31.
 - III. Claims 7-11 & 27, drawn to backing up information in case of error, classified in class 711, subclass 162
 - Claims 12-15 & 26, drawn to determining malfunctions, classified in class 700, subclass 714.
 - Claims 20-24, drawn to updating orders at a second site, classified in class 705, subclass 307.
- 3. Inventions I and II are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if: (1) the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect; (2) the inventions do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; and (3) the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the inventions as claimed, the creation of deals has separate utility from receiving market

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information and updating orders. Furthermore, the inventions as claimed do not

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encompass overlapping subject matter and there is nothing of record to show them to

be obvious variants.

4. Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that

they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs,

modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of

operation thus yielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the

reason set forth.

5. Inventions I and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that

they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs,

modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of

operation thus vielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the

reason set forth.

6. Inventions I and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that

they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs,

modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of

operation thus yielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the

reason set forth.

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7. Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of operation thus yielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the reason set forth.

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- 8. Inventions II and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of operation thus yielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the reason set forth.
- 9. Inventions II and V are directed to related processes. The related inventions are distinct if: (1) the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect; (2) the inventions do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; and (3) the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the inventions as claimed, receiving market information and updating orders has separate utility from updating orders at a second site. Furthermore, the inventions as claimed do not encompass overlapping subject matter and there is nothing of record to show them to be obvious variants.

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10. Inventions III and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown

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that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs,

modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of

operation thus yielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the

reason set forth.

11. Inventions III and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown

that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs,

modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of

operation thus yielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the

reason set forth.

12. Inventions IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown

that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs.

modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the

different inventions have different scopes; furthermore they have different modes of

operation thus yielding different effects and are not capable of use together for the

reason set forth.

13. Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these

inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above

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and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification:
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement

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will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to GERALD C. VIZVARY whose telephone number is (571)270-3268. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ella Colbert can be reached on 571-272-6741. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call

Gerald Vizvary Patent Examiner, A.U. 3696 May 19, 2009

800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Ella Colbert/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3696